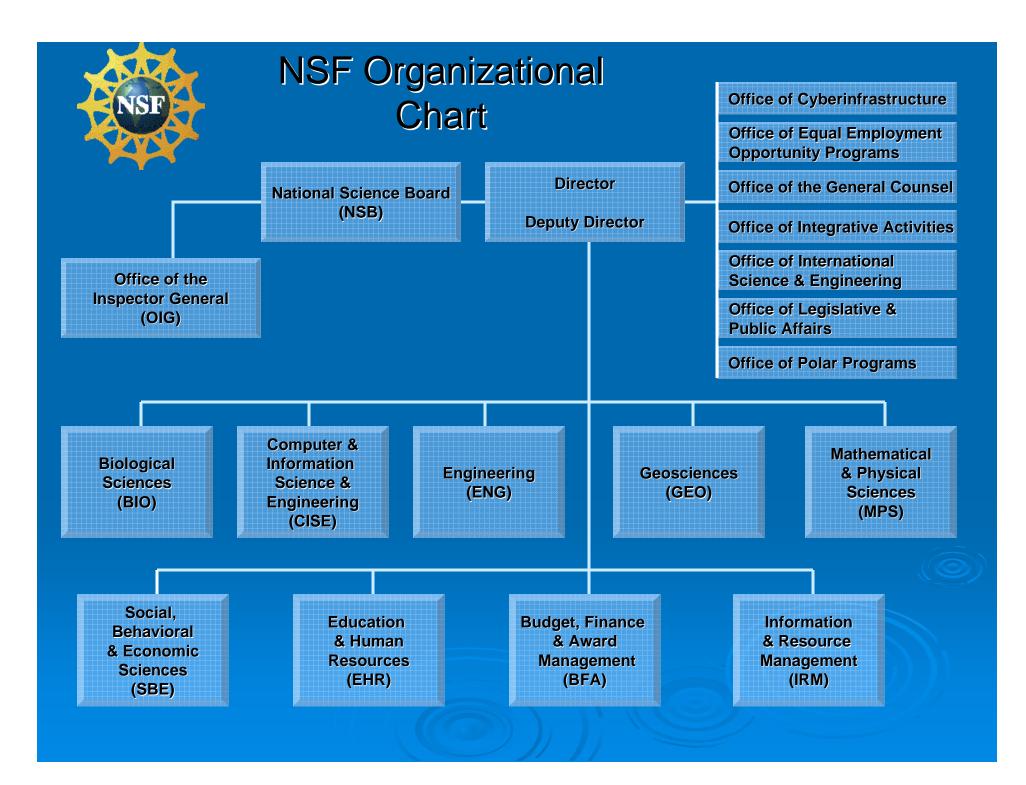




Spring 2007

Main Topics

- *Challenges & Opportunities
- Current Proposal, Award and Funding Trends
- **NSF Proposal/Award Policy & Procedural Update
- ** Electronic Initiatives Update



NSF: Recent Personnel Changes

- * Dr. Jeanette Wing named Assistant Director of the Directorate for Computer and Information Science and Engineering (CISE)
- * Dr. Tony F. Chan named Assistant Director for Mathematics and Physical Sciences (MPS)
- Dr. Cora B. Marrett named Assistant Director for Education and Human Resources (EHR)
- * Search underway for GEO Assistant Director
- * Karen Tiplady named Director, Division of Grants and Agreements (DGA) in BFA
- * David Elizalde named Director, Division of Acquisition and Cooperative Support (DACS) in BFA
- * Nat Pitts leading EPSCoR Office while search underway (EPSCoR moved to the Office of the Director)

FY 2008 Budget Request

2008
BUDGET
REQUEST

\$6.43 billion Increase of nearly \$512 million over FY 2007 Appropriation



FY 2008 Budget Request by Appropriations Account (millions)



TOTAL, NSF	\$6,429.00	\$408.79	(6.8%)
Inspector General	\$12.35	\$0.49	(4.1%)
National Science Board	\$4.03	\$0.12	(3.1%)
Agency Operations & Award Management	\$285.59	\$3.77	(1.3%)
Major Research Equipment & Facilities Construction	\$244.74	\$4.29	(1.8%)
Education & Human Resources ¹	\$750.60	\$34.38	(4.8%)
Research & Related Activities	\$5,131.69	\$365.74	(7.7%)
Appropriations Account	FY 2008 Request	Change fro FY 2007 R	



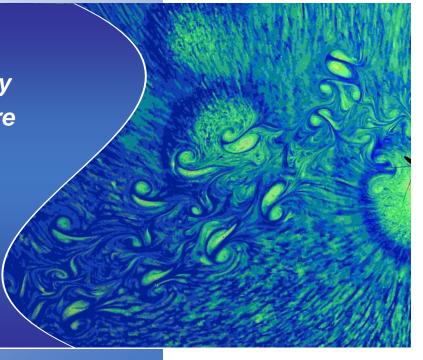
Totals may not add due to rounding.

¹ Funding for EPSCoR is moved to R&RA in FY 2008.

FY 2008 Budget Priorities

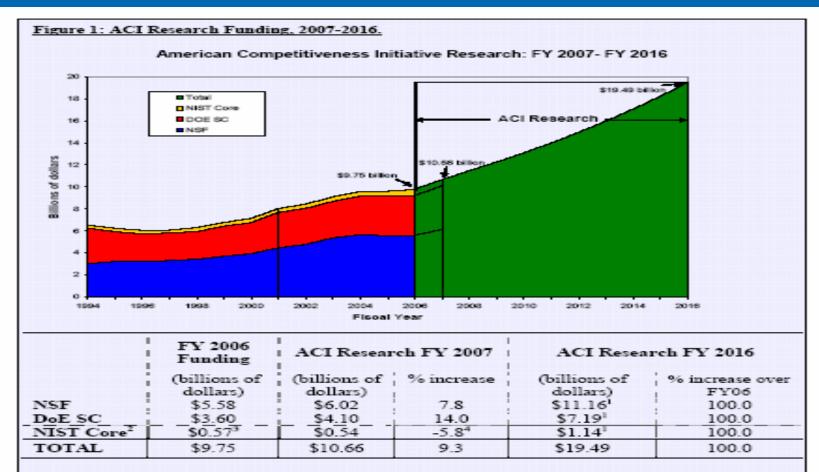


- Discovery Research for Innovation
- Preparing the Workforce for the 21st Century
- Transformational Facilities and Infrastructure
- International Polar Year Leadership
- Stewardship





American Competitiveness Initiative



ACI doubles total research fund; individual agency allocations remain to be determined.

² NIST core consists of NIST lab research and construction accounts.

³ The 2006 enacted level for NIST core includes \$137 million in earmarks.

⁴Represents a 24 percent increase after accounting for earmarks.

American Competitiveness Initiative (Cont'd)

- Boost physical sciences
- More attention to math and science education in public schools
- Focus on applied energy research
- Make Research and Experimentation Federal tax credit permanent
- * Limitations (as proposed in FY 2007):
 - Flat lines NIH for next 5 years
 - Freezes NASA's spending on earth and space sciences

Challenges & Opportunities



Research Business Models (RBM) Subcommittee, Committee on Science, National Science and Technology Council

- * Federal cross-agency coordination to address important policy implications
 - Arising from the changing nature of interdisciplinary and collaborative research
 - Examine the effects of these changes on business models for the conduct of scientific research sponsored by the Federal government.
- * Outreach with the FDP, COGR, SRA, NCURA, and others continues

RBM: Current Activities

- * Research Terms & Conditions
- * Interim Progress Reports
- ** Conflict of Interest Policy
- * Voluntary Institutional Compliance Program Guidance
- ** Enhanced A-133 compliance supplement
 on sub-recipient monitoring

Outreach and Communication

- * Likely to have additional regional public meetings
 - Possibly in conjunction with the Grants Policy Committee & Grants.gov
- * Will continue outreach through FDP, SRA, NCURA, COGR, etc.
- See the RBM web site for the latest news http://rbm.nih.gov/

The Federal Grant Streamlining Program

National Science and Technology Policy Council

Committee on Science

Research Business Models Subcommittee The Chief Financial Officers Council

Grants Policy Committee

National Science Foundation and Energy Co-Chairs

> P.L. 106-107 PMO HHS

Pre-Award Work Group

Department of Defense Chair

Interagency Committee on Debarment and Suspension EPA Chair

CCR Team
EPA Chair

Mandatory Work Group

DoT Chair

Post-Award Work Group

OC/NOAA Chair

Payment System
Issues
NSF Chair

Reporting Forms Team *NOAA Chair*

Cost Principles Team
OMB Chair

Indirect Cost Uniform Guidance Handbook Team HHS Chair Audit Oversight Work Group

HHS Chair

Compliance Supplement Team HHS Chair

Audit Quality Team

Audit Policy Issues

NSF and Education

FAC Study (next steps

Improper Payment Issues *DOT Chair*

Training and Oversight
Work Group

HHS Chair

Training Curriculum Team

Competencies Team
Education and DOI

Certification Team

Database Team

Chair

Grants Policy Committee: Tasks, Schedule and Milestones (as of @3/31/2006)* [Dates shown are targets for planning purposes and they are subject to change due to unplanned events.] 1st Fed. Reg Notice of Proposal Next GPC Milestone Гask Status Post-Award Work Group: FY 2008 Cost Principles to 2 CFR FY 2008 FY 2008 Federal Financial Reports 2 Q FY 2006 3 Q FY 2006 2Q FY 2007 Indirect Cost Uniform Gridelines Handbook 4 Q FY 2006 3 Q FY 2006 1 Q FY 2007 None; approved by GPC, March 2006 At OMB for review Invention Reports 2Q FY 2007 Payment Systems Recommendation 3 Q 2006 3 Q FY 2006 NA Research Performance Reports 2Q FY 2007 None: approved by GPC, December 2005! At OMB for review Non-Research Project Reports None; approved by GPC, March 2006 At OMB for review 2Q FY 2007 Real Property Reports None; approved by GPC, December 2005! At OMB for review 2Q FY 2007 Tangible Personal Property Reports None; approved by GPC, March 2006 At OMB for review 2Q FY 2007 Pre-Award Work Group: Standard Award Content and Format (2 CFR, gov't-wide) In Preparation 4 O FY 2006 2 Q FY 2007 nterim Award Terms and Conditions (Research Only) ** 4 Q FY 2006 In preparation 2 Q FY 2007 Other Pre-Award Portions of 2 CFR (A-89, CCR, late applications, etc.) TBD TRD In Preparation Certifications & Assurances 2 Q FY 2007 2 Q FY 2007 4 Q FY 2007 Suspension & Debarment *** 3 Q FY 2006 3 Q FY 2006 Aug-05 Drug-free and anti-lobbying OMB guidance for 2 CFR TBD Future Action TRD Audit Work Group Compliance Supplement **** 3 Q FY 2007 3 Q FY 2007 NA. Katrina-related Audit Questions 3 Q FY 2006 3 Q FY 2006 NA 3 Q FY 2007 In Preparation NA Quality Control Review of the A-133 Audits Products, such as from the Training and Oversight Work Group, are not included here no they do not affect the public but rather deal with training of Federal staff to strengthen the way they manage grants in this new environment. * In collaboration with the Research Business Models Subcrite of the COS/NSTC *** Handled by the ISDC, in association with the Pre-Award Work Group. **** And annually thereafter.

Grants Policy Committee

- Stakeholder webcast recently held on March 8, 2007
 - Was webcast from USDA
 - Purpose: Feds "listen" to customer concerns and recommendations and then prioritize and get on with it
 - Notably 6 new forms:
 - Inventions
 - Real Property
 - Tangible Property
 - Research Performance Progress Report
 - Federal Financial Report
 - Performance Progress Report
 - Still to come: Terms & Conditions (2 CFR)

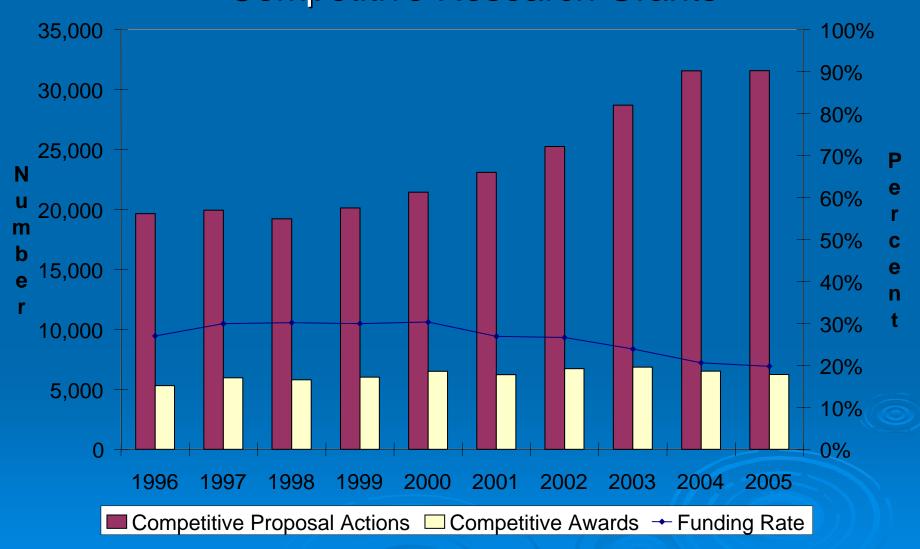
Federal Funding Accountability & Transparency Act (FFATA)

- * Task Force formed (Nov. 2006 led by OMB)
 - Committee structure in place and operating
 - Contracts
 - Grants
 - Loans
 - OIT
- * FederalSpending.gov launched (Feb. 2007)
- Data elements defined
- * Impact: Place of performance; subawardee data entry
- * Next Step: Pilot grantee and sub-awardee data

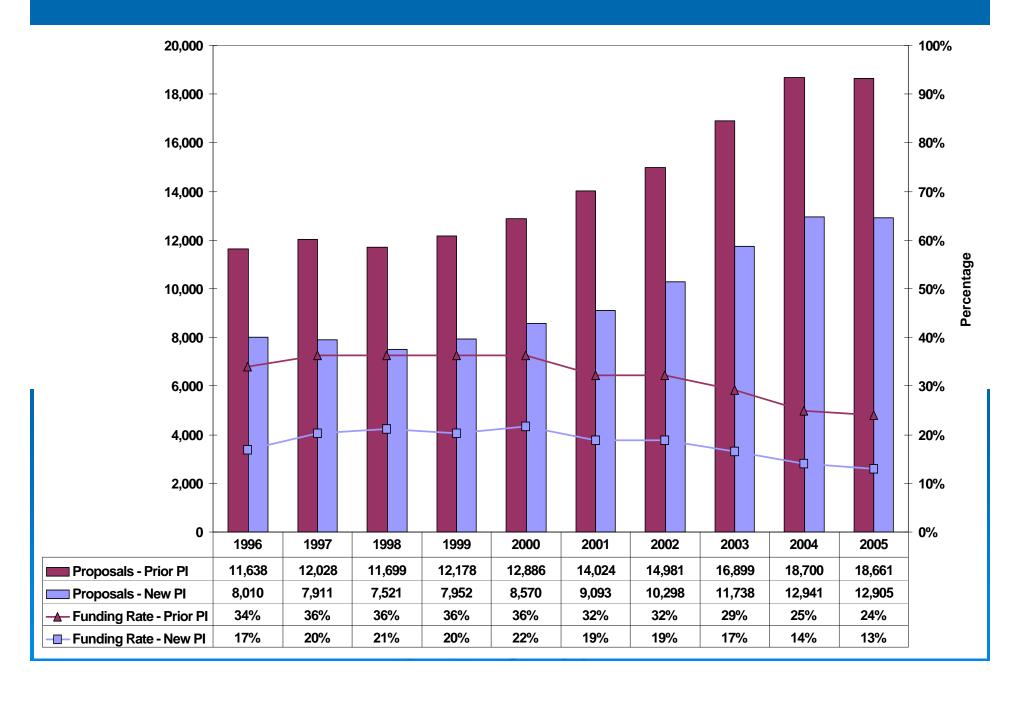
Current Proposal, Award & Funding Trends



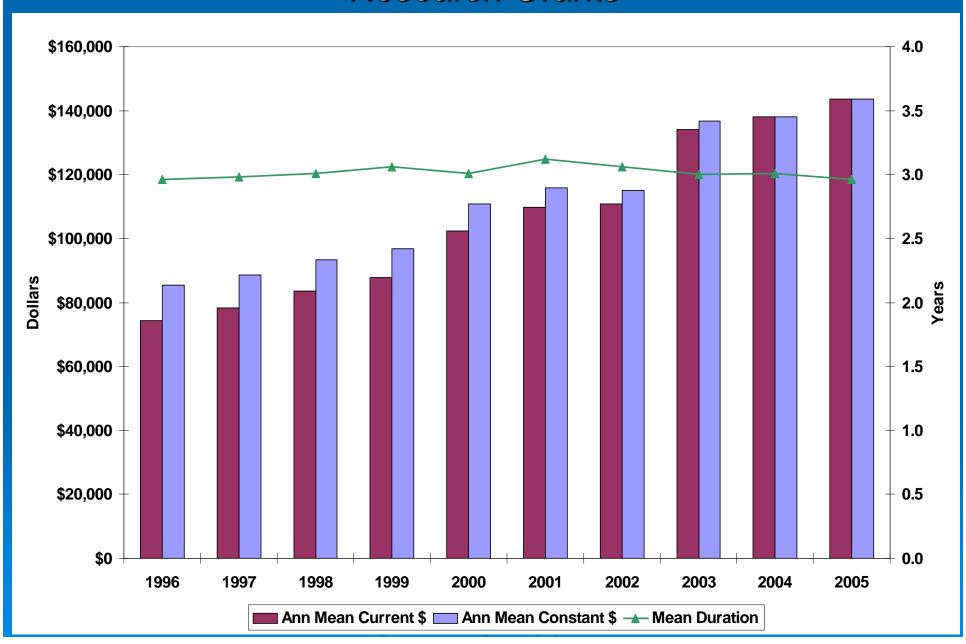
NSF Funding Rate for Competitive Awards Competitive Research Grants



Research Grant Proposals by Type



Competitive Award Size & Duration – Research Grants



Proposal & Award Policy & Procedural



Coverage

- * Issuance of the new Proposal & Award Policies and Procedures Guide
 - What is it?
 - Why do it?
 - What significant changes are coming your way???

Consolidation of Major NSF Policy Documents

- ** The Grant Proposal Guide (GPG) and Grant Policy Manual (GPM) are being combined and consolidated into a single electronic policy framework
- ** The NSF Proposal & Award Policies & Procedures Guide also will eventually include the NSF Grants.gov Application Guide and other post-award policy issuances

Reasons for Changing to New Policy Framework

- Improve both the awareness and knowledge of the complete set of NSF policies and procedural documents;
- ** Increase ease of access to the policies and procedures that govern the entire grant lifecycle;
- * Eliminate duplicative and often truncated coverage between the GPG and GPM;
- * Increase the transparency of our proposal and award process; and
- ** Allow NSF to better manage amendments between the documents due to administrative changes.

National Science Foundation (NSF) Proposal & Award Policies and Procedures Guide

- * Introduction
 - A. About the National Science Foundation
 - B. Foreword
 - C. Acronyms
 - D.Definitions & NSF-Grantee Relationships
 - E. NSF Organizations
 - **Exhibit 1:NSF Organizational Chart**

National Science Foundation (NSF) Proposal & Award Policies and Procedures Guide (Cont'd)

- ** Part I: Proposal Preparation & Submission Guidelines
 - A. Grant Proposal Guide (GPG)
 - B. Grants.gov Application Guide
 - (to be incorporated into the NSF Proposal & Award Policies and Procedures Guide at a later date)

National Science Foundation (NSF) Proposal & Award Policies and Procedures Guide (Cont'd)

- * Part II: Award & Administration Guidelines
 - Award & Administration Guide (formerly the Grant Policy Manual)
- * The document can be viewed or printed in its entirety or as separate files.
 - The GPG is accessed well over 1 million times per year whereas the Administrative guidelines are accessed less than half that amount

Significant Changes That Are Coming Your Way....

- * Linkable organization chart housed within document
- * Increased coverage on Grants.gov apply function
- * Coverage on exceptions to NSF's deadline date policy
- * Designated fonts
- * Increased consistency with FastLane Proposal Preparation Guidance
- * Additional guidance on submission of "personal" information
- * Information on selection of reviewers
- * Updated budget preparation instructions

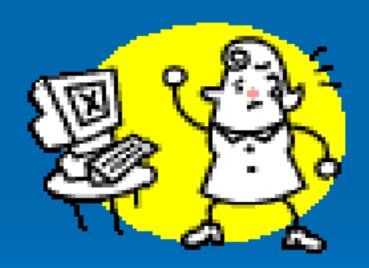
Significant Changes That Are Coming Your Way...(Cont'd)

- Incorporation of language regarding use of F&A rate at the time of the award
- * Updated coverage on categories of proposals, or costs, that are not authorized indirect costs
- * Updated coverage on cost sharing
 - 1% Statutory cost sharing has been eliminated
- Revision of human and vertebrate animal data for consistency with Grants.gov
- Updated proposal checklist

Significant Changes That Are Coming Your Way...(Cont'd)

- * Incorporation of two additional proposal certifications previously contained only in the GPM
- Movement of the NSF Reconsideration Policy to Part I
- * Addition of a new subject index to the GPG

Electronic Initiatives

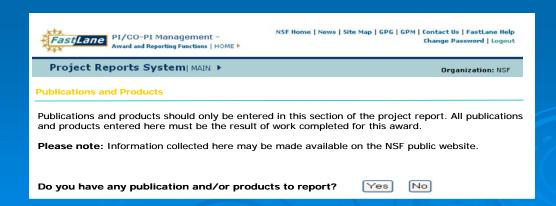


Coverage

- * Changes to Entry of Publication Information in the Project Reporting System
- * Project Reporting
 - Myths
 - Tracking and Notification System
- ** Grants Management Line of Business (GMLoB)
 - Research.gov

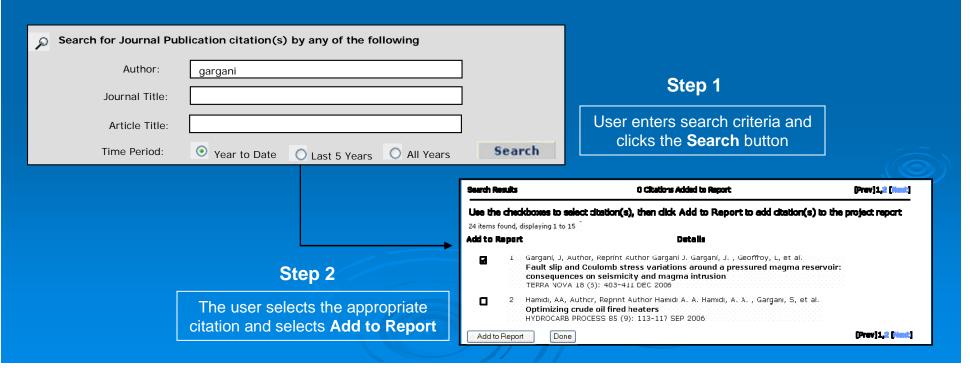
Changes to Entry of Journal Information

- * The Project Reports System in FastLane will be enhanced to improve the process for entering journal publications.
 Changes you will notice include:
 - Users are now instructed to enter all publication information in only this area of the project report. A validation will be added to check if users indicate "yes" below, but then have no entries in the following screens.
 - Users are now warned that publication data entered will be made available to the public via the NSF website.



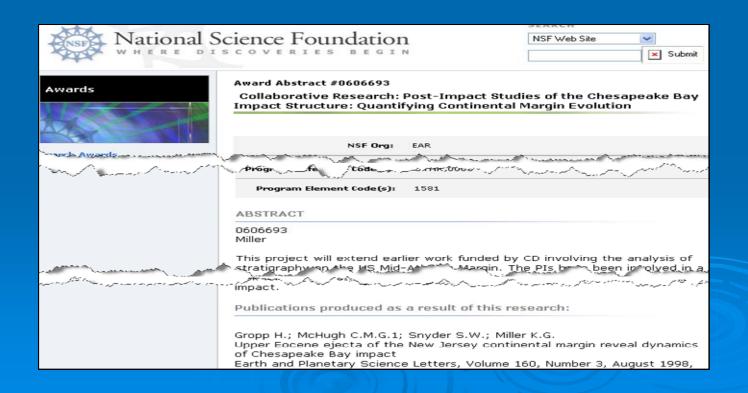
Changes to Entry of Journal Information (Cont'd)

- Entering journal publications in a project report will be easier than ever:
 - Instead of manually entering required criteria for journal publications, Pls can perform a search and select their citation that is associated with the award.
 - Pls will follow these easy steps to search for and add a journal publication citation to their project report.



Changes to Entry of Journal Information (Cont'd)

In an effort to quickly and easily share research outcomes with the research community and the public, journal publications submitted by PIs as part of the project report, will be displayed on the NSF website as part of the Award Search.



Project Reporting Myths....



※In the last year of a grant, the PI owes an annual and a final report......



※If the PI leaves prior to submitting a required report, the organization has no further obligation......



☆ The organization is not responsible for submission of required reports; only the PI is.......



Project Report Tracking & Notification System

** Required Technical Progress Reports

- Annual Project Reports
 - Due No Later Than 90 days prior to Expiration Date
 - Required for <u>ALL</u> Standard & Continuing Grants and Cooperative Agreements
- Final Project Reports
 - Due Within 90-days after the Expiration of an Award
 - Required for <u>ALL</u> Standard & Continuing Grants and Cooperative Agreements
 - Required for Individual Research Fellowships per Program Solicitation

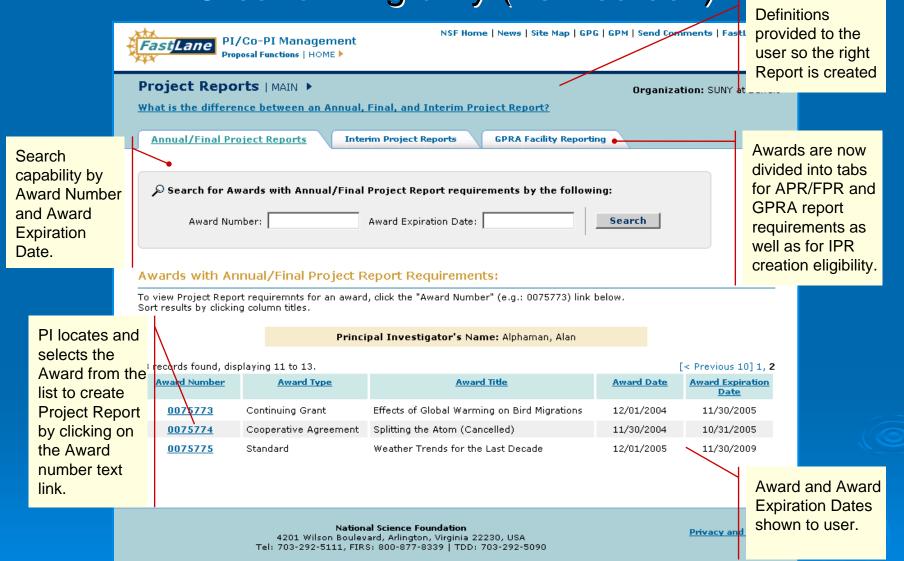
Project Report Tracking & Notification System (Cont'd)

- ** Business Rules and System Edits
 - Provides set reporting reports annual and final divisible by 12 months
 - Tracking System includes: periods, status, and due/overdue dates
 - External & Internal Communities Ability to track Electronically
 - Notification reminders automatic to PIs and SPOs

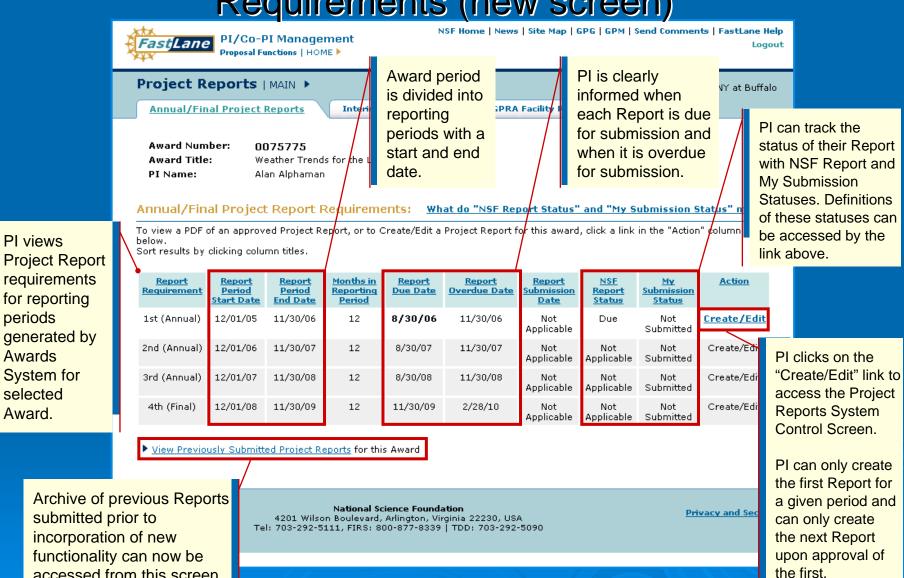
Project Report Tracking & Notification System (Cont'd)

- Back office systems to include hard edits
 - No future funding if overdue annual/final reports
 - No PI changes or no cost extensions
 - No changes after final report approval
 - Report status can't be re-set for annual reports

FastLane – View Awards by Report Requirements or Creation Eligibility (new screen)



FastLane – View Selected Award's Project Report Requirements (new screen)



Archive of previous Reports submitted prior to incorporation of new functionality can now be accessed from this screen by clicking link.

PI views

periods

Awards

selected

Award.

System for

requirements

for reporting

generated by

Grants.gov

* Coverage

- Government wide Policy and Implementation Governing Structures for e-Grants Initiatives
- Grants.gov's Purpose and Goals
- Current and Future Status
- How NSF has Implemented Grants.gov

Grants.gov – Purpose & Goals

- * A single source for finding grant opportunities
- * A standardized manner of locating and learning more about funding opportunities
- * A single, secure and reliable source for applying for Federal grants online
- * A simplified grant application process with reduction of paperwork
- * A unified interface for all agencies to announce their grant opportunities, and for all grant applicants to find and apply for those opportunities

Grants.gov: Current Status & Next Steps

- All 26 grant-making agencies are required to post all discretionary grant programs in the Grants.gov Find
- ** OMB has directed agencies to post in Grants.gov Apply:
 - 75% of their funding opportunities in FY 2006;
 - 100% of their funding opportunities in FY 2007.

NSF Implementation in 2007

- * Those programs designated required in 06 will remain required in 07
- W Unless otherwise specified, optional submission for the vast majority of NSF programs
- ** Will not be used until a Grants.gov solution has been developed for:
 - Separately submitted collaborative proposals
 - Fellowship programs that require submission of reference letters

Required to be submitted through Grants.gov in 2007

- * Antarctic Artists and Writers (OPP)
- Scientific Computing Research Environments for the Mathematical Sciences (MPS)
- Living Stock Collections (BIO)
- * Advanced Learning Technologies (CISE)
- * CEDAR, GEM, and SHINE Postdoctoral Research (GEO)
- Research in Disability Education (EHR)
- * Infrastructure Materials Applications and Structural Mechanics (ENG)
- Geography and Regional Science (SBE)

NSF Grants.gov Submissions

- Since June 2005, 1,038 proposals submitted via Grants.gov
 - 565 successfully submitted (54% success rate)
 - 473 required correction and resubmission (46%)
- Of the eight programs requiring submission, 444 proposals were submitted
- * Of the 214 programs with optional submission, 594 proposals were submitted using Grants.gov
- * When submission through Grants.gov was an option, 1% of the applicants chose to submit through Grants.gov.

Major Problems Encountered



- * Applicants submitting applications with attachments that are not in PDF.
- * Checking the "changed/corrected" application box.
- The PI or Co-PI typed their name differently in various portions of the application and the software could not tell if this was the same or another individual.
- * Problems with registration
- * Applicants had varying success in submitting proposals, some taking as many as four attempts before successful insertion into FastLane.

And, please don't forget....

- ** NSF also does <u>not</u> accept applications through Grants.gov for:
 - Letters of Intent
 - Preliminary Proposals
 - Changed/Corrected Applications
 - Continuations
 - Supplemental Funding Requests

Words to Live By....



- * File attachments must be in pdf
- Check to ensure the program does not require mandatory submission!!
- * Check the institutional names used!
- *** Use the Checklist!**
- ** Read the Grants.gov Application Guide
- Follow any special instruction in the funding opportunity
- ** Allow extra time for editing!!!

FY 08 Implementation



Grants Management Line of Business

* National Science Foundation (NSF)

- NSF will offer the Research.gov web portal that leverages its experience with Grants.gov and the Research & Related (R&R) initiative to provide access to functionality that benefits the research community.
- Research.gov focuses on the needs of the grantees by providing them with greater access to the government, streamlined functionality, and flexibility to account for differing agency research missions.

Why NSF was Chosen as a Consortium Lead

- Focus on the research community
- Recognized for high standards by customers
- * Leadership position in the grants community
- * 12 years of experience and capabilities as shown by FastLane
- * Unique operating model—menu of high-value services for both Federal partners and the research community

















Research Community Benefits

* A single web portal for research institutions to:

 Conduct grants business with Federal research agencies, and

Find information about agency policies and

upcoming events.

*Increased quality and scope of services for the research community.

Services delivered on a modern technology platform.



NSF GMLoB Consortium Guiding Principles

- * The approach will be deliberate, modular, conservative, and research community focused.
- ** Research community must directly benefit from this initiative.
- * Whatever we do, we are going to do it well.

- ** Low cost, high impact offerings that deliver value to grantees will be implemented first.
- **The initiative must focus on improvement; cost avoidance, not just cost savings.

Research.gov Menu of Services



Grant Application Status

- On-goingPartnership withUSDA/CSREES
 - Pilot in August
 2006 demonstrated
 joint grant
 application status
 - Gained both technical and business lessons learned



➡NSF/USDA-CSREES	Home Help Feedback Logout
GRANT APPLICATIONS STATU	S PILOT Welcome: David M. Saunders
Grant Applications Status Welcome to the NSF/USDA-CSREES Grant Applications Status Pilot. This Pilot will show you the status of your grant applications submitted to these two agencies. The Pilot lets you view —	Select A Service Option To access your grant applications status, select an agency from the Grant Application Status list. To activate with additional agencies, choose an agency name from the Account Activation list.
	Grant Application Status ⇒ NSE
	Account Activation
	Activate Account with CSREES
 The status of your applications as they are 	
received and reviewed • Panel Reviews (if applicable)	User Support (7 AM to 9 PM EST - M-F) 1-800-673-6188 System Availability (recording) 1-800-437-7408
 Letters of Authorization (for CSREES awardees) 	If you have any questions on using the Pilot, the information you see, or would like to provide feedback to NSF or CSREES, contact: NSF: Kimberly Deutsch <u>kleutsch@nsf.qov</u> CSREES: Tony Pandolfino <u>apandolfino@csrees.usda.qov</u>

Why Research.gov is important

- *Fulfills demand in the community for improved "eservices" tailored to research community
- *Allows federal research agencies to sign up and offer services to their grantees using Research.gov tools
- *Establishes a Federal Consortium delivering common IT services focused on the research grant community
- *Continues NSF's leadership role in advancing electronic grants management initiatives

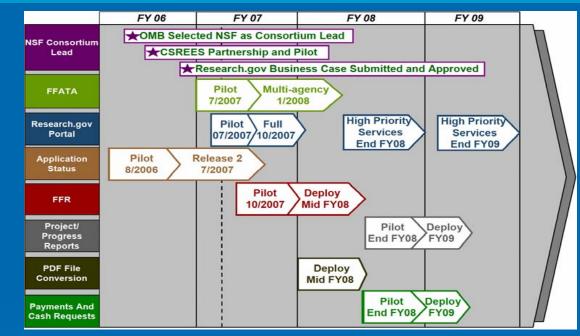
Moving Forward

2008

TIMELINE

- OMB selected **NSF** as a GMLoB Consortium Lead
- Application **Status Pilot with USDA/CSREES** deployed
- Research.gov **Business Case** submitted and approved

2006



Pilot portal and

2007

 Deploy portal and initial set of services initial set of services

2009

 Deploy additional services

Next Steps

- * Continue successful grantor/grantee partnerships between NSF and the research community
- Expand this model to the government-wide initiative level
- Provide a common face and services to the research community through NSF's Consortium
- Increase quality and scope of service available to the research community via Research.gov

Accessing Documents on the NSF Website

- ★ www.nsf.gov



- * How to Prepare Your Proposal
 - Grant Proposal Guide
 - Frequently Asked Questions
- * Award Administration
 - Grant Policy Manual
 - Grant & Agreement Conditions
 - Frequently Asked Questions

